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## Economic History and Geography

## NEW BOOKS

- Below, G. v. Probleme der Wirtschaftsgeschichte. (Tübingen: Mohr. 1920. 36 M.)
- Bogart and Thompson. The industrial state, 1870-1893. Centennial history of Illinois, vol. IV. (Springfield: Illinois Centennial Commission. 1920. Pp. 553.)
- Bothe, F. Frankfurt's wirtschaftlich-soziale Entwicklung vor dem dreizigjährigen. Kriege und der Fettmilchaufstand. (Frankfurt: Baer. 1920. 60 M.)
- Botsford, G. W. and J. B. A brief history of the world, with especial reference to social and economic conditions. Revised edition. (New York: Macmillan. Pp. xv, 554.)
- BRODNITZ, G. Das System des Wirtschaftskrieges. (Tübingen: Mohr. 1920. 20 M.)
- Bruce, A. A. The Non-Partisan League. Citizen's library series. (New York: Macmillan. 1920.)
- Burch, H. R. American economic life in its civic and social aspects. (New York: Macmillan. 1921. \$1.72.)
- Bürger, O. Chile. Als Land der Verheissung und Erfüllung für deutsche Auswanderer. Eine Landes- und Wirtschaftskunde. (Leipzig: Dieterich. 1920. Pp. viii, 272. 21 M.)
- Cabiati, A. Problemi commerciali e finanziari dell'Italia. (Milan: Treves Fratelli. 1920. 4 l.)
- CHART, D. A. An economic history of Ireland. (London: Unwin. 1920. 5s.)
- CHEYNEY, E. P. An introduction to the industrial and social history of England. Revised edition. (New York: Macmillan. 1920. Pp. xiii, 386.)

  The last two chapters of the old edition, covering the period since the Industrial Revolution of the eighteenth century have been recast in four, and have been extended down to the period of Guild Socialism and Whitley Councils, adding some fifty pages to the book. The book has long been recognized as an excellent manual, accurate in matters of fact, well proportioned, clear and interesting. The revision has distinctly enhanced its usefulness.

  C. D.
- CLAY, A. T. Babylonian business transactions of the first millennium, B.C. Part I of Babylonian records in the library of J. Pierpont Morgan. (New York: Yale Univ. Press. 1921. \$4.)
- DINGLE, F. J. The new atlas and commercial gazetteer of China. (New York: Dutton. 1921. \$160.)
- Fisk, H. E. The Dominion of Canada; its growth and achievement. (New York: Bankers Trust Company. 1921. Pp. 174.)
- FLEGEL, K. Die wirtschaftliche Bedeutung der Montanindustrie Russlands und Polens und ihre Wechselbeziehungen zu Deutschland. (Leipzig: Teubner. 1921. Pp. viii, 101. 5 M.)

- Goldschmidt, A. Die Wirtschaftsorganisation Sowjet-Russlands. (Berlin: Rowohlt. 1920. Pp. 307.)
- HAMMOND and JENKS. Great American issues. (New York: Scribner. 1921.)
- HAUSER, H. Travailleurs et marchands dans l'ancienne France. (Paris: Alcan. 1920.)
- VAN HOUTTE, H. L'histoire économique de la Belgique à la fin de l'ancien régime. (Gand: Van Rysselberghe & Rombaut. 1920. Pp. 588.)
- IWASAKI, U. The working forces in Japanese politics. A brief account of political conflicts, 1867-1920. Columbia University studies in history, economics, and public law, vol. XXVII, no. 1. (New York: Longmans. 1921. Pp. 141.)
- Johnston, T. The history of the working classes in Scotland. (Glasgow: Forward Pub. Co. 1920. Pp. 408.)
- JUSSERAND, J. J. The economic situation in France. (New York: Jean de Sieyes, 2 Rector St. 1921. Pp. 5.)
- Kirkaldy, A. W. Industry and finance; supplementary volume; being the results of inquiries arranged by the section of economic science and statistics of the British Association, during the years of 1918 and 1919. (New York: Pitman. 1921. \$2.10.)
- VAN DER KLOOT MEYBURG, W. De economische ontwikkeling van een Zuidhollandisch dorp (Oudshoorn) tot in den aanvang der twintigste eeuw. (The Haag: Nijhoff. 1920. 5 Fl.)
- KNOWLES, L. C. A. The industrial and commercial revolutions in Great Britain during the nineteenth century. (London: Routledge. 1921. 6s. 6d.)
- Koppers, W. Die Anfänge des menschlichen Gemeinschaftslebens im Speigel der neuern Völkerkunde. (München-Gladbach: Volksverein-Verlag. 1921. Pp. 192. 7 M.)
- LINGLEY, C. R. Since the Civil War. The United States, edited by Max Farrand, vol. III. (New York: Century Co. 1920. Pp. 635.)

  Contains the following chapters: Economic foundations of the new era; Transportation and its control; Industry and laissez faire; The rise of the wage earner; Monetary and financial problems; Economic and political tendencies since 1896.
- LIPPINCOTT, I. Economic development of the United States. (New York: Appleton. 1921. Pp. 691. \$3.50.)

  To be reviewed.
- LUTTIG, J. C. Journal of a fur-trading expedition on the upper Missouri 1812-1813. Edited by S. M. Drumm. (St. Louis: Mo. Hist. Soc. 1920. Pp. 192.)
- McKnight, W. A. Ireland and the Ulster legend; or, the truth about Ulster. (London: King. 1921. Pp. 96. 2s.)

  Contains economic material in regard to population, agricultural hold-

ings, and taxation.

- Marshall, L. C. and Lyon, L. S. Our economic organization. (New York: Macmillan. 1921. \$1.88.)
- Meissner, K. Die Entwicklung der japanischen Eisenindustrie während des Krieges. (Hanover: Hahn. 1920. 7 M.)
- NEARING, S. The American empire. (New York: Rand School of Social Science. 1921. Pp. 266. Paper 50c, cloth \$1.)

  A socialist interpretation.
- NICOLI, P. La scuola del popolo in Italia e i suoi immediati problemi. (Bologna: Nicola Zanichelli. 1920. Pp. 124. 3.50 l.)
- NIES, J. B. and Keiser, C. E. Historical religious and economic texts and antiquities. (New Haven: Yale Univ. Press. 1920. \$10.)
- Noves, P. B. While Europe waits for peace. (New York: Macmillan. 1921.)
- NUTTER, G. R. The Boston Chamber of Commerce and the future of New England. (Boston. 1921.)
- Pettigrew, R. F. The course of empire. (New York: Boni & Liveright. 1921.)
- PFOHL, E. Wirtschafts-Atlas des tschecho-slowakischen Staates. (Reichenberg: Stiepel. 1920. 218 Kr.)
- RANSOME, A. The crisis in Russia. (New York: Huebsch. 1921. \$1.50.)
- REES, J. F. A social and industrial history of England, 1815-1918. (New York: Dutton. 1921. Pp. 197. \$2.)
- Sartorius von Walterhausen, A. Deutsche Wirtschaftsgechichte, 1815-1914. (Jena: Fischer. 1920. Pp. x, 598. 50 M.)
- Schreffer, K. Das Handwerk in der neuen Wirtschaft. (Munich: Duncker & Humblot. 1920. Pp. 132.)
- SOUTHARD, A. E. Eritrea. A Red Sea Italian colony of increasing interest to American commerce. Special consular reports, 82. (Washington: Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. 1921. Pp. 167.)
- Springer, L. Some aspects of financial and commercial after-war conditions. (London: King. 1921. Pp. 118. 5s.)
- Squire, G. C. A history of the Chartist movement. (London: Constable. 1920. Pp. 316.)
- Vera Estanol, J. Carranza and his bolshevik régime. (Los Angeles: Wayside Press. 1920. Pp. viii. 247.)
- VISSERING, G. International economic and financial problems. (London: Macmillan. 1920. Pp. 107.)
- ———. Problèmes internationaux économiques et financiers. (Paris: Giard & Brière. 1920. Pp. 116.)
- Woolf, L. Economic imperialism. Handbooks of international relations, edited by G. L. Dickinson. (New York: Harcourt, Brace & Howe. 1920. Pp. 111. \$1.)
- ZAHNBRECHER. Die Wirtschafts- und Sozialpolitik der bayerischen Volks-

partei im bayer. Landtag 1919-1920. (Munich: Bayer. 1920. 8 M.)

ZIMAND, S. Modern social movements. (New York: H. W. Wilson. 1921. \$1.80.)

Economic survey of certain countries specially affected by the war at the close of the year 1919. (London: H. M. Stationery Office. 1920. Pp. 118.)

Economisch-historisch jaarboek. Bijdragen tot de economische geschiedenis van Nederland. (The Haag: Nijhoff. 1920. 9.60 fl.)

Information respecting the Russian soviet system and its propaganda in North America. (Ottawa: Dept. Labour. 1920. Pp. 18.)

Was kann Deutschland leisten? (Berlin: Hobbing. 1920. Pp. 164.)

## Agriculture, Mining, Forestry, and Fisheries

The World's Food Resources. By J. Russell Smith. (New York: Henry Holt and Company. 1919. Pp. 634.)

The reviewer took up this book in the hope that the author, who is professor of economic geography in Columbia University and was officially connected with the War Trade Board during the war, would, out of the war-time interest in food supply problems, throw new light on the world's ability to feed its rapidly increasing population. hope was by no means in vain, but the reviewer found his main object in reading the book falling into the background behind the absorbing interest of the pages which the author devotes to the geography, and the productive technique of the various actual and possible food resources, from our staple and conventional wheat, beef, and potatoes to dehydrated vegetables, Mexican peppers, Corsican acorns, Manchurian millet (twelve feet high!), esoteric tropical fruits, and the (presumably) edible pteropods "floating about in unnumbered billions waiting for some constructive servant of humanity to tell us . . . conservative landsmen how good they are and how to use them." Transmuting into an organic whole technical and statistical data which must have been laboriously collected from a thousand official sources, and enlivening the whole by the results of travel, observation, and imagination, the author has crowded into five hundred octavo pages a mass of encyclopedic information which he presents in a style so rapidly flowing that one takes a sort of joy ride through the exposition, arriving one scarcely knows where or how, but with the pleasant sensation of having had an interesting and enjoyable trip. All of which is a tribute to the popular readability of a book on a dry subject which most people avoid as likely to be statistical, and is not at all necessarily an indication that the book is lacking in scientific quality. True, it lacks the show of serried ranks of statistical tables (maps and graphs serving the